

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Wescom Signal and Rescue Germany GmbH

Wescom Group: 65-6269 Version No: 5.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements Issue Date: **24/09/2021**Print Date: **24/09/2021**L.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL	
Synonyms	Comet Light and smoke signal: ArtNo. 9181600, Pains Wessex Manoverboard MK9: ArtNo. 9537800	
Proper shipping name	Signals, smoke	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions. Sea distress signal. Compact Lifebuoy Marker is normally mounted on a ships bridge wing attached to a 4 kg lifebuoy. It is automatically or manually deployed to mark the position of a person in the water by day or night.
--------------------------	---

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Wescom Signal and Rescue Germany GmbH
Address	Vieländer Weg 147 Bremerhaven 27574 Germany
Telephone	+49 471 3930
Fax	+49 471 3932 10
Website	www.wescom-group.com
Email	info@wescom-group.com

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	Consultant Lutz Harder GmbH
Emergency telephone numbers	+49 178 433 7434
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

3	Category 2B	1.4. Eve Irritation	Explosive Division	Classification
---	-------------	---------------------	--------------------	----------------

Label elements



Hazard pictogram(s)

SIGNAL WORD

/-\	
m(s)	•
ORD	WARNING

Hazard	statement(s)	
--------	--------------	--

nuzura statement(s)	
H204	Fire or projection hazard.
H320	Causes eye irritation.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P250	Do not subject to grinding/shock/sources of friction.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Page 2 of 9 LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P370+P380	In case of fire: Evacuate area.
P372	Explosion risk in case of fire.
P374	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
P373	DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P401	Store according to local regulations for explosives.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
		device contains
		Pyrotechnic materials of;
3811-04-9		potassium chlorate
7757-79-1		potassium nitrate
10022-31-8		barium nitrate
		and lithium batteries

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: In Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. In Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). In Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
Ingestion	 Not considered a normal route of entry. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

DANGER: Deliver media remotely.

- ▶ For minor fires: Flooding quantities only.
- For large fires: **Do not** attempt to extinguish.

Apply by mechanical means only.

Page 3 of 9

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Fighting

Fire Incompatibility Avoid contact with other chemicals.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

WARNING: EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS / ARTICLES PRESENT!

- Evacuate all personnel and move upwind.
- Prevent re-entry.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- May detonate and burning material may be propelled from fire.
- Wear full-body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
- ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage and fire effluent from entering drains and water courses.
- Fight fire from safe distances and from protected locations.
- Use flooding quantities of water.
- DO NOT approach containers or packages suspected to be hot.
- Cool any exposed containers not involved in fire from a protected location.
- Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Slight hazard when exposed to heat, flame and oxidisers.

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Division 1.4 Substances, mixtures and articles which present no significant hazard: substances, mixtures and articles which present only a small hazard in the event of ignition or initiation. The effects are largely confined to the package and no projection of fragments of appreciable size or range is to be expected. An external fire shall not cause virtually instantaneous explosion of almost the entire contents of the package.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	WARNING!: EXPLOSIVE. BLAST and/or PROJECTION and/or FIRE HAZARD Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid inhalation of the material and avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. Remove all ignition sources. Use spark-free tools when handling. Sweep into non-sparking containers or barrels and moisten with water. Place spilled material in clean, sealable, labelled container for disposal. Flush area with large amounts of water.
Major Spills	WARNING! EXPLOSIVE. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Consider evacuation (or protect in place). In case of transport accident notify Police, Emergency Authority, Competent Explosives Authority or Manufacturer. No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Use extreme caution to prevent physical shock. Use only spark-free shovels and explosion-proof equipment. Collect recoverable material and segregate from spilled material. Wash spill area with large quantities of water.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	J
Safe handling	 Handle gently. Use good occupational work practice. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Avoid smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Explosives must not be struck with metal implements. Avoid mechanical and thermal shock and friction. Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately.
Other information	Store cases in a well ventilated magazine licensed for the appropriate Class, Division and Compatibility Group. Rotate stock to prevent ageing. Use on FIFO (first in-first out) basis. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. Store in a cool place in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Store in an isolated area away from other materials. Keep storage area free of debris, waste and combustibles.

Page 4 of 9 LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

■ Protect containers against physical damage.

■ Check regularly for spills and leaks

NOTE: If explosives need to be destroyed contact the Competent Authority.

Store away from incompatible materials.

Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- All packaging for Class 1 Goods shall be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Code for the transport of Dangerous Goods.
- Class 1 is unique in that the type of packaging used frequently has a very decisive effect on the hazard and therefore on the assignment to a particular division

Storage incompatibility

- Avoid contact with other explosives, pyrotechnics, solvents, adhesives, paints, cleaners and unauthorized metals, plastics, packing equipment and materials.
- Avoid contamination with acids, alkalis, reducing agents, amines and phosphorus.
- Explosion hazard may follow contact with incompatible materials

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	barium nitrate	Barium dinitrate, Barium(II) nitrate (1:2), Barium salt of nitric acid	0.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other soluble barium compounds (as Ba) except Barium sulfate.]
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	barium nitrate	Barium and soluble compounds, as Ba(1990)	0.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Eye, skin, & GI irr; muscular stim
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	barium nitrate	Barium, soluble compounds	0.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(as Ba)

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
potassium chlorate	Potassium chlorate	5.6 mg/m3	62 mg/m3	370 mg/m3
potassium nitrate	Potassium nitrate	9 mg/m3	100 mg/m3	600 mg/m3
barium nitrate	Barium nitrate	2.9 mg/m3	350 mg/m3	2,100 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
potassium chlorate	Not Available	Not Available
potassium nitrate	Not Available	Not Available
barium nitrate	50 mg/m3	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls for explosive articles are designed to reduce or eliminate fragmentation and/or blast effects either by suppression of the source of detonation or by protection at the exposed location, or both. Barricades, shields, contained detonation chambers, and "zero quantity-distance (Q-D)" magazines are examples of engineering controls.

Engineering controls are designed and tested in a rigorous fashion. The construction of the engineering control must be carefully duplicated in field applications to assure it will function properly.

It is thus imperative that engineering controls be built exactly in accordance with the design package, and that they be used only for the articles (e.g.munitions) for which they are authorised.

Personal protection







Eve and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields
- Chemical goggles

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

Body protection

See Other protection below

Other protection

- Fire resistant/ heat resistant gloves where practical, otherwise
- Heavy-duty chemically resistant gloves capable of providing short-term protection against spontaneous ignition.
- Safety footwear

Hard hat

Respiratory protection not normally required due to the physical form of the product.

|Ear Protection.

Thermal hazards

Respiratory protection

Page 5 of 9

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Orange/yellow outer metal casing pressed with black/grey	/ Pyrotechnical ingredients.	
Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Applicable
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	>160
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	160	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Presence of shock and friction Presence of heat source and ignition source Product is considered stable under normal handling conditions. Stable under normal storage conditions. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with other chemicals.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product. Inhalation of vapour is more likely at higher than normal temperatures. The vapour is discomforting	
Ingestion	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product. Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments	
Skin Contact	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product. The vapour is discomforting	
Eye	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product. The vapour is discomforting	
Chronic	■ Generally not applicable.	
LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available
potassium chlorate	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: 1870 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Not Available
potassium nitrate	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available

Page 6 of 9 LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

	ı		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
barium nitrate	Oral (rat) LD50: 355 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit):100 r	ng/24h - moderate
		Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substandata extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of Control of	•	rom manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified
BARIUM NITRATE		repeated exposure and may produce a	exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis. contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer (spongiosis)
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Cariava Eva Damana/Institution	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation		OTOT OHIGIC Exposure	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	•	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0

Legend: X - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	=13000mg/L	1
potassium chlorate	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	1.9mg/L	4
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.5mg/L	4
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
potassium nitrate	LC50	96	Fish	22.5mg/L	4
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	>3.5mg/L	2
barium nitrate	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1.92mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>=1.92mg/L	2

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
potassium chlorate	HIGH	HIGH
potassium nitrate	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
potassium chlorate	LOW (LogKOW = -4.6296)
potassium nitrate	LOW (LogKOW = 0.209)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
potassium chlorate	LOW (KOC = 35.04)
potassium nitrate	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Page 7 of 9 Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021 LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Explosives must not be thrown away, buried, discarded or placed with garbage.
- Explosives which are surplus, deteriorated or considered unsafe for transport, storage or use shall be destroyed and the statutory authorities shall be notified.
- This material may be disposed of by burning or detonation but the operation may only be performed under the control of a person trained in the safe destruction of explosives

Refer to local Waste Disposal Authority and supplier for suitable disposal procedure.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required



Marine Pollutant

Land transport (DOT)

UN number	0507	
UN proper shipping name	Signals, smoke	
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 1.4S Subrisk Not Applicable	
Packing group	Not Applicable	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	Hazard Label 1.4S Special provisions Not Applicable	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	0507		
UN proper shipping name	Signals, smoke		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	1.4S Not Applicable 3L	
Packing group	Not Applicable		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing Instructions Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable 135 100 kg 135 25 kg Forbidden Forbidden

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	0507	0507	
UN proper shipping name	SIGNALS, SMOKE		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 1 IMDG Subrisk N	.4S Not Applicable	
Packing group	Not Applicable		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	F-B , S-X Not Applicable 0	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

Issue Date: 24/09/2021 Print Date: 24/09/2021

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

POTASSIUM CHLORATE(3811-04-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals	US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive)
US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List	Rule
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
	US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

POTASSIUM NITRATE(7757-79-1) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals	US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive)
US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List	Rule
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List	US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

BARIUM NITRATE(10022-31-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens
US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
US EPA Carcinogens Listing
US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive)
Rule
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Immediate (acute) health hazard	Yes
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Pressure hazard	Yes
Reactivity hazard	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (barium nitrate; potassium chlorate; potassium nitrate)
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
barium nitrate	10022-31-8, 34053-87-7

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Wescom Group Classification committee using available literature references.

Wescom Group: 65-Page 9 of 9 Issue Date: 24/09/2021 6269 Print Date: 24/09/2021

LIGHT-SMOKE SIGNAL

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index



Để biết giá cả hoặc thêm thông tin, vui lòng liên hệ với AZMarine theo thông tin chi tiết bên dưới

AZMARINE - MARINE SAFETY EQUIPMENT

Tel: +84 938 697 839

Email: sales@azmarine.vn

Website: www.azmarine.vn

Brands

Thiết bị cứu sinh

Thiết bị liên lạc hàng hải

Thiết bị dầu khí

