WITHDRAWAL FROM USE AFTER ARRESTING A FALL

Safety tripod TM 9 must be withdrawn from use immediately when it have been used to arrest a fall. After that must be carried out detailed manufacturer's inspection of the tripod.

The manufacturer's inspection can be carried out by:

- manufacturer
- or person recommended by manufacturer
- or company recommended by manufacturer.

During this inspection will be established if the tripod can be longer used and will be defined the admissible time of tripod use till next manufacturer's inspection.

ADMISSIBLE TIME OF USE

The tripod can be used for 5 years counting from a date of putting the tripod into operation. After this period the tripod must be withdrawn from use to carry out manufacturer's detailed inspection.

The manufacturer's inspection can be carried out by:

- manufacturer

the tripod.

- or person recommended by manufacturer
- or company recommended by manufacturer.

During this inspection will be established admissible time of tripod use till next manufacturer's inspection.

CONTENT OF THE IDENTITY LABEL a. Device type. b. Model symbol. Safe c. Reference number. 01.2010 d. Number/year/ class of the European standard € 0082 e. CE marking and number of a notified body controlling manufacturing of the equipment RX Month and year of manufacture. Serial number g. Serial number of the tripod. 00001 h. Caution: red the manual R :f.: AT 011 Marking of the manufacturer or distributor of

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER ORGANISATION TO PROVIDE THE IDENTITY CARD AND TO FILL IN THE DETAILS REQUIRED. THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE FILLED IN BEFORE THE FIRST USE BY A COMPETENT PERSON. RESPONSIBLE INTHE USER ORGANIZATION FOR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. ANY INFORMATION. ABOUT THE EQUIPMENT LIKE PERIODIC INSPECTIONS. REPAIRS. REASONS OF EQUIPMENT'S WITHDRAWN FROM USE SHALL BE NOTED INTO THE IDENTITY CARD BY A COMPETENT PERSON. THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE STORAGED DURING A WHOLE PERIOD OF EQUIPMENT UTILIZATION. DO NOT USE THE EQUIPMENT WITHOUT THE IDENTITY CARD. ALL RECORDS IN THE IDENTITY CARD. CAN BE FILLED IN ONLY BY A COMPETENT PERSON.

(g)

//////////////////////////////////////	Y CARD
MODEL AND TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	ref. Number
SERIAL NUMBER	DATE OF MANUF.
USER NAME	
DATE OF PURCHASE	DATE OF PUTTING INTO OPERATION

PERIODIC EXAMINATION AND REPAIR HISTORY						
	DATE	REASON FOR ENTRY PERIODIC EXAMINATION OR REPAIR	DEFECTS NOTED, REPAIRS CARRIED OUT AND OTHER REVELANT INFORMATIONS	NAME AND SIGNATURE OF COMPETENT PERSON	PERIODIC EXAMINATION NEXT DUE DATE	
1						
2						
3						
4						



PDS International Pte Ltd; 10 Pandan Crescent, #05-03/04 (LL2); UE Tech Park; Singapore 128466

Tel: +65 6776 6200: Fax: +65 6778 2400 BP 3 - 33370 ARTIGUES près BORDEAUX France, no. 0082

Notified body, at which the European certification was performed and which supervises the production of the equipment: APAVE SUDEUROPE SAS,



Instruction Manual **READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USE** THE EQUIPMENT

EN 795:1996 /B + A1:2000



Aluminium tripod TM 9 is a component of personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Safety tripod TM 9 has been tested in according to EN 795 as a transportable temporary anchorage class B. Tripod has to be used in conjunction with fall arrest equipment. It is designed to support only one person. Tripod TM 9 is designed to use with RUP-502 rescue lifting device.

TECHNICAL DATA

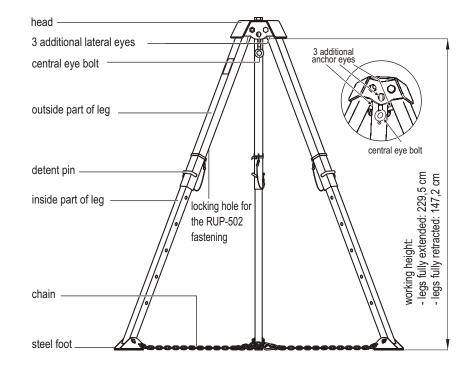
working load limit: 500 kg

C € 0082

- working height:
- legs fully extended: 229,5 cm
- legs fully retracted: 147,2 cm
- weight: 17 kg
- shipping dimensions: 172,3 x 23 x 23 cm
- diameter of the base when opened: 182,5 cm

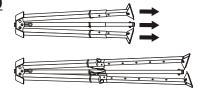
BASIC EQUIPMENT

- head made of zinc-plated painted steel
- anchor points 1 main central eye bolt and 3 additional lateral eyes in the head.
- legs aluminium adjustable locking legs are secured by safety pins. Steel feet incorporate a rubber sole for flat surfaces and spiked edges for slippery surfaces.
- chain leg chain is supplied to minimize horizontal forces and prevent the legs spreading and collapsing. The chain can be replaced by a special webbing sold only with the tripod.



INSTALLING A TRIPOD

 Place the tripod on a flat, stable and hard surface. Pull out the tripod legs to the desired length and lock with the locking pin.



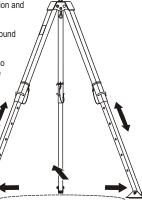
• Set the tripod in an upright position and fully spread the legs.

 Make sure the feet are on firm ground and can support the load.

 Adjust the length of the legs so that the head is located in the horizontal plane.

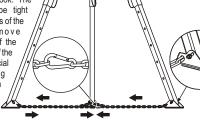
• The legs must always have the same length.

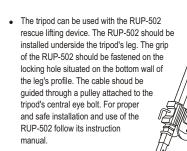
 The tripod should be positioned over opening so working line will be located approximately in the center of the opening



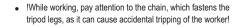
 Make sure the locking pins are properly secured the end of the locking pin must protrude above the surface of the tripod legs.

Secure the tripod legs with the chain against the accidental sliding open. The ends of the chain must be fastened with a snap hook. The chain should be tight between the legs of the tripod. Remove excess slack of the chain. Instead of the chain the special web bing (supplied with the tripod) can be used.





 Secondary fall arrest system (conforming EN 363) must be used when working with the TM-9 and the RUP-502.



- The tripod must never be used without the leg chain (or the webbing) in place
- Avoid working where the user may swing and hit an object or where lines may cross or tangle with that of another worker in the area.
- To collapse tripod, pull leg down and swing leg in.

Fall arrest and rescue systems used with this tripod must meet applicable EN standard requirements:

- EN 795 for anchor devices
- EN 362 for connectors
- EN 361 for full body harnesses
- EN 360 for retractable type fall arresters
- EN 353-2 for guidet type fall arresters
- EN 1496 for rescue lifting devices
- EN 1497 for rescue harnesses
- EN 341 for descender devices



- personal protective equipment shall only be used by a person trained and competent in its safe use.
- personal protective equipment must not be used by a person with medical condition that could affect the safety of the equipment user in normal and emergency use.
- a rescue plan shall be in place to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work.
- it is forbidden to make any alterations or additions to the equipment without the manufacturer's prior written consent.
- any repair shall only be carried out by equipment manufacturer or his certified representative.
- personal protective equipment shall not be used outside its limitations, or for any purpose other than that for which it is intended.
- personal protective equipment should be a personal issue item.
- before use ensure about the compatibility of items of equipment assembled into a fall arrest system. Periodically check connecting and
 adjusting of the equipment components to avoid accidental loosening or disconnecting of the components.
- it is forbidden to use combinations of items of equipment in which the safe function of any one item is affected by or interferes with the safe function of another.
- before each use of personal protective equipment it is obligatory to carry out a pre-use check of the equipment, to ensure that it is in a serviceable condition and operates correctly before it is used.
- during pre-use check it is necessary to inspect all elements of the equipment in respect of any damages, excessive wear, corrosion, abrasion, cutting or incorrect acting, especially take into consideration:
- in full body harnesses and belts buckles, adjusting elements, attaching points, webbings, seams, loops;
- in energy absorbers attaching loops, webbing, seams, casing, connectors;
- in textile lanyards or lifelines or guidelines rope, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting element, splices;
- in steel lanyards or lifelines or guidelines cable, wires, clips, ferrules, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting elements;
- in retractable fall arresters cable or webbing, retractor and brake proper acting, casing, energy absorber, connector;
- in guided type fall arresters body of the fall arrester, sliding function, locking gear acting, rivets and screws, connector, energy absorber;
- in connectors main body, rivets, gate, locking gear acting.
- in tripods legs, safety pins, eye bolts, feet, chain, connecting elements.
- after every12 months of utilization, personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use to carry out periodical detailed inspection.
 The periodic inspection must be carried out by a competent person for periodic inspection. The periodic inspection can be carried out also by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
 - In case of some types of the complex equipment e.g. some types of retractable fall arresters the annual inspection can be carried out only by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
- regular periodic inspections are the essential for equipment maintenance and the safety of the users which depends upon the continued
 efficiency and durability of the equipment.
- during periodic inspection it is necessary to check the legibility of the equipment marking.
- it is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is re-sold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide
 instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic examination and for repair in language of the country in which the product is to be
 used.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately when any doubt arise about its condition for safe use and not
 used again until confirmed in writing by equipment manufacturer or his representative after carried out the detailed inspection.
- a full body harness (conforming EN 361) is the only acceptable body holding device that can be used in a fall arrest system.
- in full body harness use only attaching points marked with big letter "A" to attach a fall arrest system.
- the anchor device or anchor point for the fall arrest system should always be positioned, and the work carried out in such a way, as to minimise both the potential for falls and potential fall distance. The anchor device/point should be placed above the position of the user. The shape and construction of the anchor device/point shall not allowed to self-acting disconnection of the equipment. Minimal static strength of the anchor device/point is 10 kN. It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN795.
- it is obligatory to verify the free space required beneath the user at the workplace before each occasion of use the fall arrest system, so
 that, in the case of a fall, there will be no collision with the ground or other obstacle in the fall path. The required value of the free space
 should be taken from instruction manual of used equipment.
- there are many hazards that may affect the performance of the equipment and corresponding safety precautions that have to be
 observed during equipment utilization, especially:
- trailing or looping of lanyards or lifelines over sharp edges.
- any defects like cutting, abrasion, corrosion,
- climatic exposure.
- pendulum falls,
- extremes of temperature,
- chemical reagents,
- electrical conductivity.
- personal protective equipment must be transported in the package (e.g.: bag made of moisture-proof textile or foil bag or cases made of steel or plastic) to protect it against damage or moisture.
- the equipment can be cleaned without causing adverse effect on the materials in the manufacture of the equipment. For textile products
 use mild detergents for delicate fabrics, wash by hand or in a machine and rinse in water. Plastic parts can be cleaned only with water.
 When the equipment becomes wet, either from being in use or when due cleaning, it shall be allowed to dry naturally, and shall be kept
 away from direct heat. In metallic products some mechanic parts (spring, pin, hinge, etc.) can be regularly slightly lubricated to ensure
 better operation.
 - Other maintenance and cleaning procedures should be adhered to detailed instructions stated in the manual of the equipment.
- personal protective equipment should be stored loosely packed, in a well-ventilated place, protected from direct light, ultraviolet degradation, damp environment, sharp edges, extreme temperatures and corrosive or aggressive substances.